



The Islamic University
College of Technical Engineering
Department of Computer Technical Engineering



Fourth Stage

Security

Lecture 2

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Lecture objectives

The student will recognize the following objectives :

- 1. Encryption and Decryption using Multiplicative Cipher.**
- 2. Encryption and Decryption using Affine Cipher.**

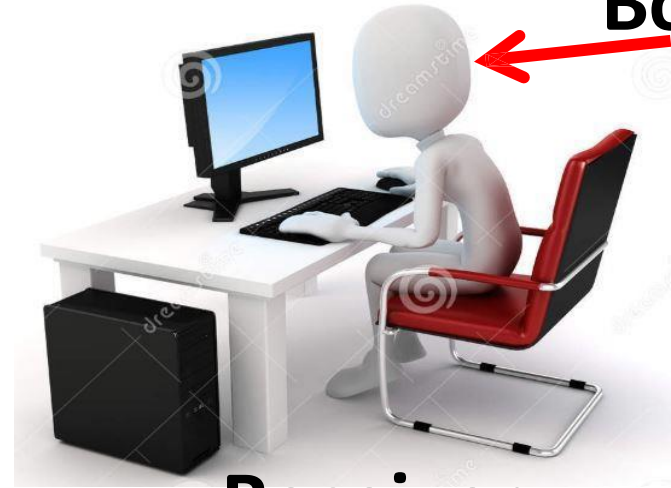
Multiplicative Cipher

Alice



Sender

Bob



Receiver

$$C_i = (P_i * K) \bmod 26$$

Encryption

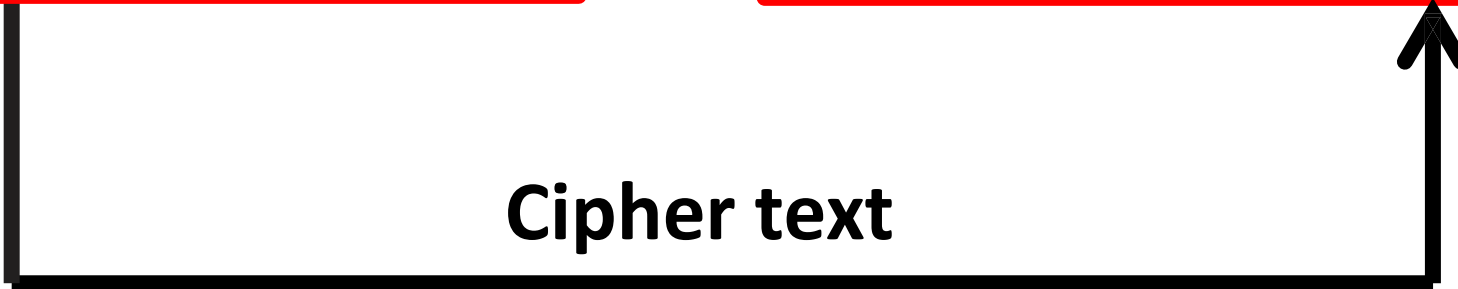
K

K^{-1}

$$P_i = (C_i * K^{-1}) \bmod 26$$

Decryption

Cipher text

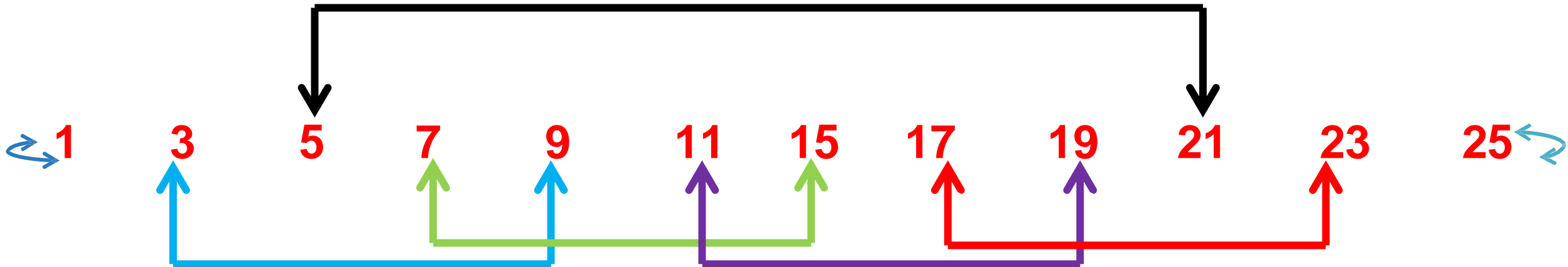


Key

The set which is used as a Keys in the Multiplicative Cipher are **12** Numbers.

[1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25]

$$[(K * K^{-1}) \bmod 26] = 1$$



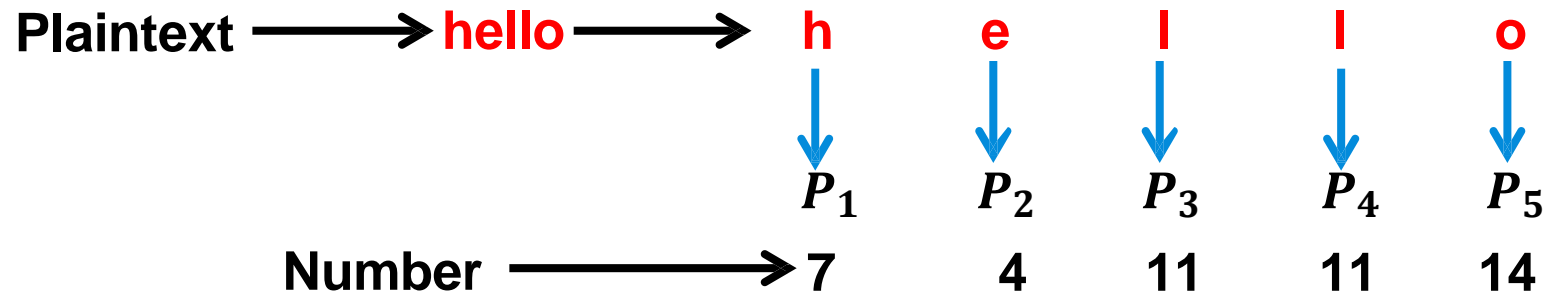
Example 1

Encrypt and decrypt for the Plaintext “**hello**” by using Multiplicative Cipher by using the **Key = 9**.

Ans:-

1. Encryption

$$C_i = (P_i * K) \text{ mod } 26$$



$$C_1 = (P_1 * K) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_1 = (7 * 9) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_1 = (63) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_1 = (11) = L$$

$$C_2 = (P_2 * K) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_2 = (4 * 9) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_2 = (36) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_2 = (10) = K$$

$$C_3 = (P_3 * K) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_3 = (11 * 9) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_3 = (99) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_3 = (21) = V$$

$$C_4 = (P_4 * K) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_4 = (11 * 9) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_4 = (99) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_4 = (21) = V$$

$$C_5 = (P_5 * K) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_5 = (14 * 9) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_5 = (126) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_5 = (22) = W$$

Cipher text : $C_1C_2C_3C_4C_5$  **LKV VW**

The Cipher text for the Plaintext (**hello**) will be (**LKV VW**)

Key⁻¹

K=9

K⁻¹ = 3

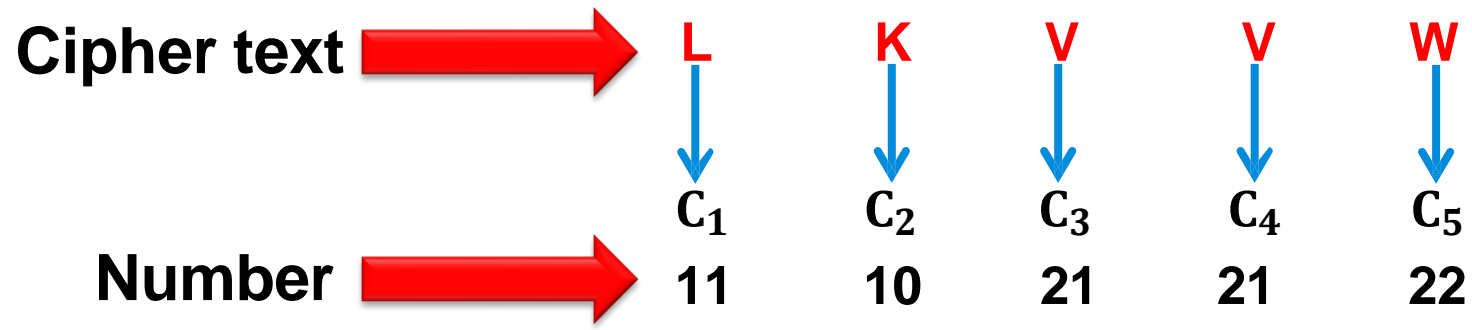
$$[(K * K^{-1}) \bmod 26] = 1$$

$$[(9 * 3) \bmod 26]$$

$$[(27) \bmod 26] = 1$$

2. Decryption

$$P_i = (C_i * K^{-1}) \bmod 26$$



$$P_1 = (C_1 * K^{-1}) \bmod 26$$

$$P_1 = (11 * 3) \bmod 26$$

$$P_1 = (33) \bmod 26$$

$$P_1 = (7) = h$$

$$P_2 = (C_2 * K^{-1}) \bmod 26$$

$$P_2 = (10 * 3) \bmod 26$$

$$P_2 = (30) \bmod 26$$

$$P_2 = (4) = e$$

$$P_3 = (C_3 * K^{-1}) \bmod 26$$

$$P_3 = (21 * 3) \bmod 26$$

$$P_3 = (63) \bmod 26$$

$$P_3 = (11) = l$$

$$P_4 = (C_4 * K^{-1}) \bmod 26$$

$$P_4 = (21 * 3) \bmod 26$$

$$P_4 = (63) \bmod 26$$

$$P_4 = (11) = l$$

$$P_5 = (C_5 * K^{-1}) \bmod 26$$

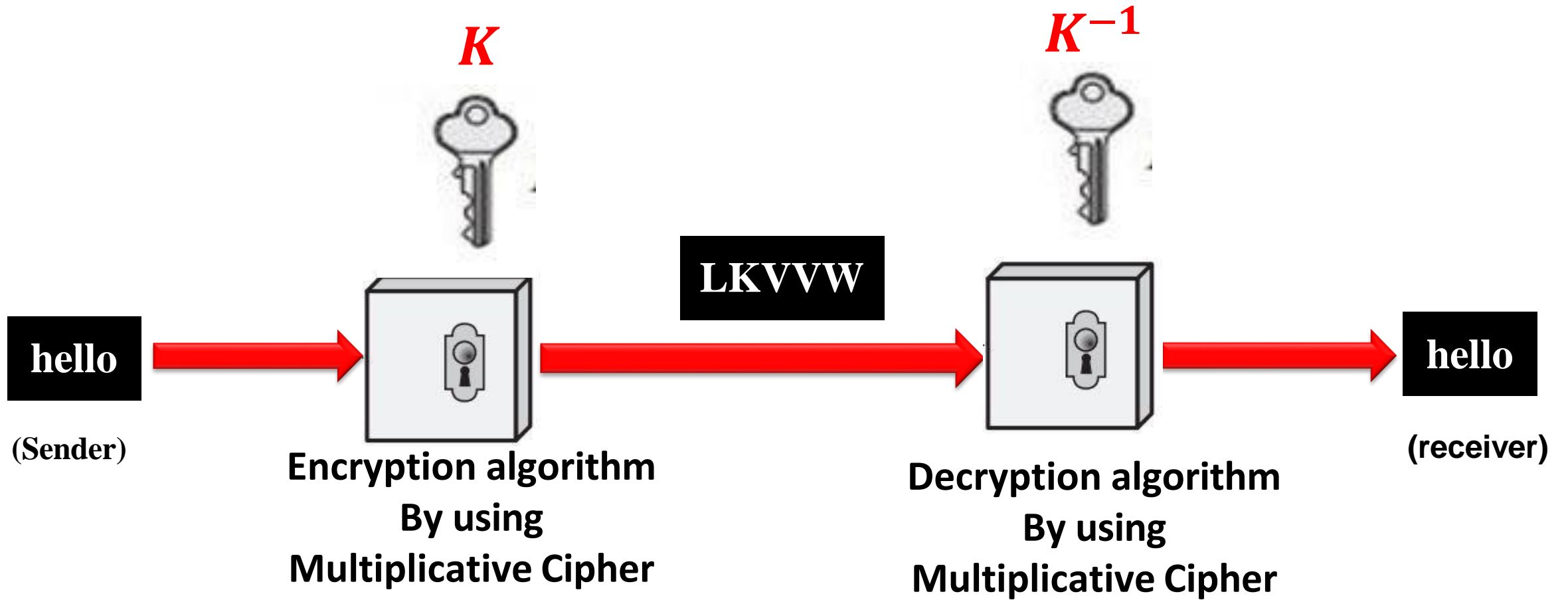
$$P_5 = (22 * 3) \bmod 26$$

$$P_5 = (66) \bmod 26$$

$$P_5 = (14) = o$$

Plaintext : $P_1P_2P_3P_4P_5$  hello

The Plain text for the Cipher text (**LKVVW**) will be (**hello**)



Affine Cipher

It is a technique where performed two encryption algorithms at once the first one is multiplication and the second one is addition cipher (Caesar cipher) in this order as Encryption operation and reversible in the decryption, in this technique it will require two Keys (K_1, K_2), The first Key (K_1) is for the multiplication operation while the second Key (K_2) its for the second operation.

Where K_1 is the first Key
 K_2 is the second Key

Affine Cipher

Alice



Sender

Bob



Receiver

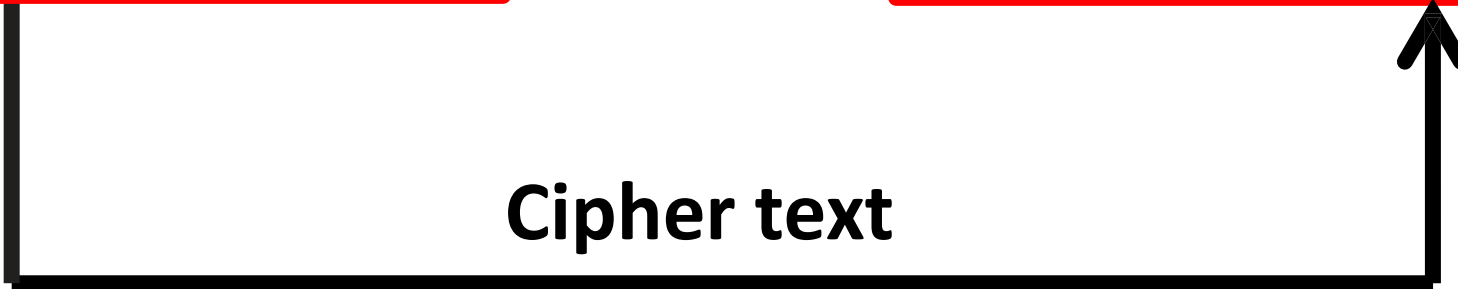
$$C_i = [(P_i * K_1) + K_2] \text{ mod } 26$$

Encryption

$$P_i = [(C_i - K_2) * K_1^{-1}] \text{ mod } 26$$

Decryption

Cipher text



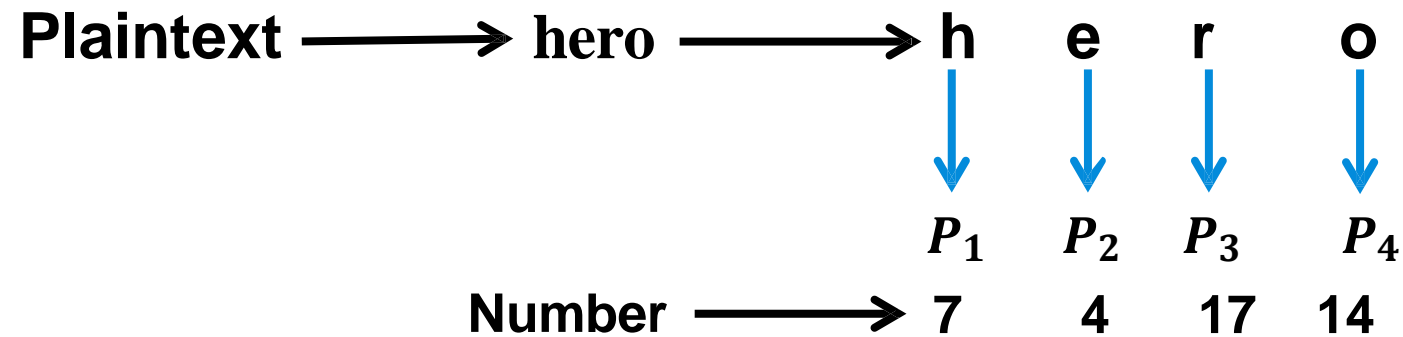
Example 2

Encrypt and decrypt for the word “**Hero**” by using **Affine Cipher** with the **Pair Key** (7, 2).

Ans:-

1. Encryption

$$C_i = [(P_i * K_1) + K_2] \text{ mod } 26$$



$$C_1 = [(P_1 * K_1) + K_2] \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_1 = [(7 * 7) + 2] \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_1 = (51) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_1 = (25) = Z$$

$$C_2 = [(P_2 * K_1) + K_2] \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_2 = [(4 * 7) + 2] \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_2 = (30) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_2 = (4) = E$$

$$C_3 = [(P_3 * K_1) + K_2] \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_3 = [(17 * 7) + 2] \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_3 = (121) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_3 = (17) = R$$

$$C_4 = [(P_4 * K_1) + K_2] \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_4 = [(14 * 7) + 2] \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_4 = (100) \text{ mod } 26$$

$$C_4 = (22) = W$$

Cipher text : $C_1C_2C_3C_4$  **ZERW**

The Cipher text for the Plaintext (**hero**) will be (**ZERW**)

Key⁻¹

$$K_1 = 7$$

$$K_1^{-1} = 15$$

$$[(K_1 * K_1^{-1}) \bmod 26] = 1$$

$$[(7 * 15) \bmod 26]$$

$$[(105) \bmod 26] = 1$$

2. Decryption

$$P_i = [(C_i - K_2) * K_1^{-1}] \bmod 26$$



$$P_1 = [(C_1 - K_2) * K_1^{-1}] \bmod 26$$

$$P_1 = [(25 - 2) * 15] \bmod 26$$

$$P_1 = (345) \bmod 26$$

$$P_1 = (7) = \mathbf{h}$$

$$P_2 = [(C_2 - K_2) * K_1^{-1}] \bmod 26$$

$$P_2 = [(4 - 2) * 15] \bmod 26$$

$$P_1 = (30) \bmod 26$$

$$P_1 = (4) = \mathbf{e}$$

$$P_3 = [(C_3 - K_2) * K_1^{-1}] \bmod 26$$

$$P_3 = [(17 - 2) * 15] \bmod 26$$

$$P_3 = (225) \bmod 26$$

$$P_3 = (17) = r$$

$$P_4 = [(C_4 - K_2) * K_1^{-1}] \bmod 26$$

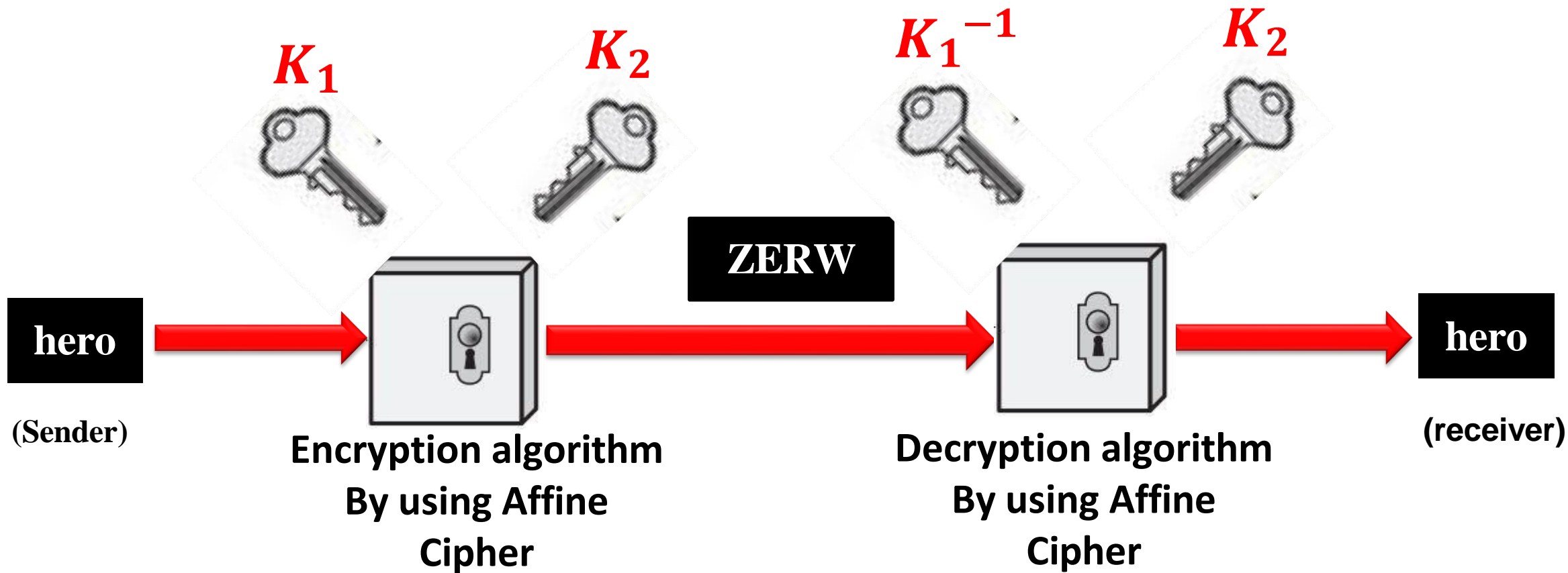
$$P_4 = [(22 - 2) * 15] \bmod 26$$

$$P_4 = (300) \bmod 26$$

$$P_4 = (14) = o$$

Plain text : $P_1 P_2 P_3 P_4$  *hero*

The Plain text for the Cipher text (**ZERW**) will be (**hero**)



Homework

1. By using **Affine Cipher** decrypt the following message “**KYGREZ**” with the Pair **Key** (9,4).

2. Encrypt the message “**this is an exercise**” using the following ciphers.

- **Additive Cipher with key (20).**
- **Multiplicative Cipher with key (15).**
- **Affine Cipher with key (19, 20).**